

Specification
Address removed to protect client confidentiality
September 2016

SPECIFICATION AS APPLICABLE

This specification to be read in conjunction with the architectural drawings and any structural calculations.

Any and all notes on the drawings are specific to the particular build and are to supersede this specification.

Do not scale from the drawings. Scale for planning purposes only. The contractor is responsible for checking all dimensions on site prior to commencement of the works with any errors being reported as soon as possible.

The contractor shall be entirely responsible for the security, strength and stability of the building during the course of the works.

All building work to be carried out to the satisfaction of the local authority building control officer and in accordance with the current building regulations and as such additional unforeseen building works may be required on site.

The exact location, type, condition and invert level of all existing drainage to be ascertained on site, with any defects being reported.

The contractor shall inspect all adjoining properties which may be affected by the works prior to commencement of works and record and report to the owner any defects.

The drawing, parts of the drawing, drawing notes, design and this specification are protected under copyright, and shall not be reproduced in whole or part without the prior consent of KCR Design.

Finished room dimensions may vary from those stated on the drawings.

Items in this specification, the drawing notes, and parts of the drawings, may not form part of the contract to be carried out by KCR Design.

Party Wall act

The owner, should they need to do so under the requirements of the Party Wall Act 1996, has a duty to serve a Party Structure Notice on any adjoining owner if the building work involves works on or to an existing Party Wall including:

- Support of beam
- Insertion of DPC through wall
- Raising a wall or cutting off projections
- Demolition and rebuilding
- Underpinning
- Insertion of lead flashings
- Excavations within 3 meters of an existing structure where the new foundations will go deeper than adjoining foundations, or within 6 meters of an existing structure where the new foundations are within a 45 degree line of the adjoining foundations.

A Party wall agreement is to be in place prior to start of works on site.

Southern Water

If submission has been made to building control, they will inform Southern Water of the application. It is the responsibility of the homeowner to ensure the requirements (if applicable) of Southern Water are adhered to. They can be contacted on 0330 303 0119

CDM Regulations

The owner, should they need to do so, must abide by the Construction Design and Management regulations 1994 which relate to any building works involving more than 500 man hours or longer than 30 days duration. It is the client's responsibility to appoint a Planning Supervisor on all projects that require compliance with the CDM regulations.

AS APPLICABLE

1. Site preparation
2. Foundations and drainage
3. Ground floor
4. External walls
5. Roofs
6. Windows and doors
7. Internal walls
8. Plumbing and electrical
9. Structural
10. Ventilation
11. Fire prevention and means of escape

1. SITE PREPARATION

Ground to be prepared for new works by removing all unsuitable material, vegetable matter and tree or shrub roots to a suitable depth to prevent future growth. Seal up, cap off, disconnect and remove existing redundant services as necessary. Reasonable precautions must also be taken to avoid danger to health and safety caused by contaminants and ground gases e.g. landfill gases, radon, vapours etc on or in the ground covered, or to be covered by the building.

2. FOUNDATIONS AND DRAINAGE

TRENCH FOUNDATION

750mm x 600mm trench fill foundations grade of ST2. All foundations to be a minimum of 1000mm below ground level, exact depth agreed on site with the Building Control Officer to suit site conditions. All constructed in accordance with 2004 Building Regulations A1/2 and BS 8004:1986 Code of Practice for Foundations. Ensure foundations are constructed below invert level of any adjacent drains. Base of foundations supporting internal walls to be min 600mm below ground level. Sulphate resistant cement to be used if required. Please note that should any adverse soil conditions or difference in soil type be found, or if there are any major tree roots in the excavations, the Building Control Officer is to be contacted. Exact depth of foundation is dependent on site sub soil conditions. Stepped foundations should overlap by twice the height of the step, or 1m whichever is the greater. The height of the step should not be greater than the thickness of the foundation.

WALLS BELOW GROUND

All new walls to have Class A blockwork below ground level or alternatively semi engineering brickwork in 1:4 masonry cement or equal approved specification. Cavities below ground level to be filled with lean mix concrete min 225mm below damp proof course. Or provide lean mix backfill at base of cavity wall (150mm below damp course) laid to fall to weepholes.

PIPEWORK THROUGH WALLS

Where new pipework passes through external walls form rocker joints either side wall face of max length 600mm with flexible joints with short length of pipe bedded in wall.

Alternatively provide 75mm deep pre-cast concrete plank lintels over drain to form opening in wall to give 50mm space all round pipe: mask opening both sides with rigid sheet material and compressible sealant to prevent entry of fill or vermin.

UNDERGROUND FOUL DRAINAGE

Underground drainage to consist of 110mm diameter UPVC proprietary pipe work to give a 1:40 fall. Surround pipes in 400mm pea shingle (900mm under drives). Shallow pipes to be covered with 100mm reinforced concrete slab over compressible material. Provide rodding access at all changes of direction and junctions. All below ground drainage to comply with BS7158 and BS801.

INSPECTION CHAMBERS

Underground quality proprietary UPVC 450mm diameter inspection chambers to be provided at all changes of level, direction, connections and every 45m in straight runs. Inspection chambers to have bolt down double sealed covers in buildings and be adequate for vehicle loads in driveways.

SOIL AND VENT PIPE

SVP to be extended up in 110mm dia UPVC and to terminate min 900mm above any openings within 3m. Provide a long radius bend and rodding point at the foot of every SVP.

AUTOMATIC AIR VALVE

Ground floor fittings from WC to be connected to new 110mm UPVC soil pipe with accessible internal air admittance valve complying with PREN 12380, placed at a height so that the outlet is above the trap of the highest fitting and connected to underground quality drainage encased with pea gravel to a depth of 150mm.

RAINWATER DRAINAGE

New rainwater goods to be new 110mm UPVC half round gutters taken and connected into 68mm dia UPVC downpipes. Rainwater taken to new soakaway, situated a min distance of 5.0m away from any building, via 110mm dia UPVC pipes surrounded in 150mm granular fill. Soakaway to be min of 1 cubic metre capacity (or to depth to Local Authorities approval) with suitable granular fill with geotextile surround to prevent migration of fines. If necessary carry out a porosity test to determine design and depth of soakaway.

3. GROUND FLOOR AND INTERMEDIATE FLOORS

GROUND FLOOR TO EXTENSION

To meet min U value required of 0.22 W/m²K. Solid ground floor to consist of 150mm consolidated well-rammed hardcore. Blinded with 50mm sand blinding. Provide 100mm ST2 or Gen1 reinforced concrete ground bearing slab under a 1200mm gauge polythene DPM. DPM to be lapped in with DPC in walls. Floor to be insulated over slab and DPM with min 80mm thick Celotex GA4000, 25mm Celotex insulation to continue around floor perimeters to avoid thermal bridging. A VCL should be laid over the Celotex insulation boards and turned up 100mm at room perimeters behind the skirting, all joints to be lapped 150mm and sealed. Finish with 65mm sand/cement finishing screed with light mesh reinforcement.

Where drain runs pass under new floor, provide A142 mesh 1.0m wide and min 50mm concrete cover over length of drain.

Where existing suspended timber floor air bricks are covered by new extension, ensure cross-ventilation is maintained by connecting to 110mm dia UPVC pipes with 100mm concrete cover laid under the extension. Pipes to terminate at new 65mm x 215mm air bricks with cavity tray over.

4. EXTERNAL WALLS

MOVEMENT JOINTS

Movement joints are to be provided at 12 meter intervals to brickwork

EXTERNAL BRICKWORK CAVITY WALLS

To achieve minimum U Value of 0.28W/m²K

New cavity wall to comprise of 105mm facing brick to match existing. Full fill the cavity with 100mm Rockwool Cavity insulation as manufacturer's details. Inner leaf to be 100mm block K value 0.16 lightweight block (Aircrete, Celcon solar, Topblock toplite standard). Internal finish to be 12.5 mm plasterboard on dabs. Walls to be built with 1:1:6 cement mortar.

DPC

Provide horizontal strip polymer (hyload) damp proof course to both leafs minimum 150mm above external ground level. New DPC to be made continuous with existing DPC's and with floor DPM. Vertical DPC to be installed at all reveals where cavity is closed.

WALL TIES

All walls constructed with stainless steel vertical twist type retaining wall ties built in at 750mm ctrs horizontally, 450mm vertically and 225mm ctrs at reveals and corners in staggered rows. Wall ties to be suitable for cavity width and in accordance with BS 1243.

CAVITIES

Provide cavity trays over openings. All cavities to be closed at eaves and around openings using Thermabate or similar non combustible insulated cavity closers. Provide vertical DPCs around openings and abutments. All cavity trays must have 150mm upstands and suitable cavity weep holes (min 2) at max 900mm centres.

EXISTING TO NEW WALL

Cavities in new wall to be made continuous with existing where possible to ensure continuous weather break. If a continuous cavity cannot be achieved, where new walls abuts the existing walls provide a movement joint with vertical DPC. All tied into existing construction with suitable proprietary stainless steel profiles.

5. ROOFS

PITCHED ROOF INSULATION AT CEILING LEVEL

To achieve U value of 0.16 W/m²K

Timber roof structures to be fixed in accordance with BS Codes of Practice no CP3 and CP112. Roofing tiles to match existing on 25 x 38mm tanalised sw treated battens on breathable membrane, supported on (see structural notes) rafters at max 400mm centres. Rafters supported on min 100 x 50mm sw wall plates. Insulation at ceiling level to be 150mm FR4000 Celotex between ceiling joists with a further 25mm over joists.

Construct ceiling using sw joists at 400mm centres, finished internally with 12.5mm plasterboard and min 3mm thistle multi-finish plaster. Provide polythene vapour barrier between insulation and plasterboard. Restraint strapping - 100mm x 50mm wall plate strapped down to walls. Ceiling joists and rafters to be strapped to walls and gable walls, straps built into cavity, across at least 3 timbers with noggins. All straps to be 1000 x 30 x 5mm galvanized straps or other approved to BSEN 845-1 at 2m centres, in accordance with CP111 Part 2.

STRAPPING FOR PITCHED ROOF

Gable walls should be strapped to roofs at 2m centres. All external walls running parallel to roof rafters to be restrained at roof level using 1000mm x 30mm x 5mm galvanised mild steel horizontal straps or other approved to BSEN 845-1 built into walls at max 2000mm centres and to be taken across minimum 3 rafters and screw fixed. Provide solid noggins between rafters at strap positions. All wall plates to be 100 x 50mm fixed to inner skin of cavity wall using 30mm x 5mm x 1000mm galvanized metal straps or other approved to BSEN 845-1 at maximum 2m centres.

LEAD WORK AND FLASHINGS

All lead flashings, any valleys or soakers to be Code 5 lead and laid according to Lead Development Association. Flashings to be provided to all jambs and below window openings with welded upstands. Joints to be lapped min 150mm and lead to be dressed 200mm under tiles, etc. All work to be undertaken in accordance with the Lead Development Association recommendations.

6. WINDOWS AND DOORS

NEW AND REPLACEMENT WINDOWS

New and replacement windows to be double glazed with 16mm argon gap and soft coat low-E glass. Window Energy Rating to be Band C or better and to achieve U-value of 1.6 W/m²K. The door and window openings should be limited to 25% of the extension floor area plus the area of any existing openings covered by the extension.

SAFETY GLAZING

All glazing in critical locations to be toughened or laminated safety glass to BS 6206 and Part N of the current building regulations. i.e. within 1500mm above floor level in doors and side panels within 300mm of door opening and within 800mm above floor level in windows.

ESCAPE WINDOWS

Provide emergency egress windows to any newly created first floor habitable rooms and ground floor inner rooms. Windows to have an unobstructed openable area of 450mm high x 450mm wide, minimum 0.33m sq, the bottom of the openable area should be not more than 1100mm above the floor. The window should enable the person to reach a place free from danger from fire.

NEW AND REPLACEMENT DOORS

New and replacement doors to achieve a U-Value of 1.80W/m²K. Glazed areas to be double glazed with 16mm argon gap and soft low-E glass. Glass to be toughened or laminated safety glass to BS 6206 and Part N of the current Building Regulations.

7. INTERNAL WALLS

INTERNAL STUD PARTITIONS

100mm x 50mm softwood treated timbers studs at 400mm cts with 50 x 100mm head and sole plates and solid intermediate horizontal noggins at 1/3 height or 450mm. Provide min 10kg/m³ density acoustic soundproof quilt tightly packed (eg. 100mm Rockwool or Isowool mineral fibre sound insulation) in all voids the full depth of the stud. Partitions built off doubled up joists where

partitions run parallel or provide noggins where at right angles, or built off DPC on thickened concrete slab if solid ground floor. Walls faced throughout with 12.5mm plaster board with skim plaster finish. Taped and jointed complete with beads and stops.

8. PLUMBING AND ELECTRICAL

ELECTRICAL

All lighting, power and switch points are to be to clients requirements and installed to I.E.E. Code of Practice and B.S. 7671 by an N.I.C.I.E.C. approved Contractor. All electrical work is required to meet further requirements of Part P (Electrical Safety) and must be designed, installed, inspected and tested by a person competent to do so. Prior to completion the local Authority needs to be satisfied that Part P has been complied with. This will require an appropriate electrical installation certificate B.S. 7671 to be issued for the work by a person competent to do so. Run all electric cables in the first floor void above mineral wool and all cables in stud walls filled with mineral wall to be run in conduit. Where recessed light fittings are installed perforating the plasterboard, a fire resisting enclosure should be built around the light fitting to maintain an imperforate floor. The light fitting should then be of a type that is ventilated downwards through the ceiling.

ENERGY EFFICIENT LIGHTING

Install low energy light fittings that only take lamps having a luminous efficiency greater than 45 lumens per circuit watt and a total output greater than 400 lamp lumens. Not less than three energy efficient light fittings per four of all the light fittings in the main dwelling spaces to comply with Part L of the current Building Regulations.

ABOVE GROUND DRAINAGE

Above ground drainage to comply with BS.5572.1978. for sanitary pipework. All drainage in accordance with part H of the Building Regulations. Wastes to have 75mm deep anti vac bottle traps and rodding eyes at changes of direction. All plumbing to be to BS 5572.

Size of wastes pipes and max length of branch connections (if max length is exceeded then anti vacuum traps to be used)

Sinks - 3m for 40mm pipe 4m for 50mm pipe

Washing machine and dishwasher - stand pipe 50mm

Wash basin - 1.7m for 32mm pipe 4m for 40mm pipe

Bath/shower - 3m for 40mm pipe 4m for 50mm pipe

W/c - 100mm for 6m for single wc

All branch pipes to connect to 110mm soil and vent pipe. Waste pipes not to connect within 200mm of the wc connection.

Supply hot and cold water to all fittings as appropriate.

9.STRUCTURAL

EXISTING STRUCTURE

Existing structure including foundations, beams, walls and lintels carrying new and altered loads are to be exposed and checked for adequacy prior to commencement of work and as required by the Building Control Officer.

BEAMS

Supply and install new structural elements such as new beams, roof structure, floor structure, bearings, and padstones in accordance with the Structural Engineer's calculations and details. New steel beams to be encased in 12.5mm Gyproc fireline board with staggered joints nailed to timber cradles or painted in Nullifire S or similar intumescent paint to provide 1/2 hour fire resistance.

LINTELS

Lintel widths are to be equal to wall thickness. All lintels over 750mm sized internal door openings to be 65mm deep pre-stressed concrete plank lintels. 150mm deep lintels are to be used for 900mm sized internal door openings. Lintels to have a minimum bearing of 150mm on each end. Any existing lintels carrying additional loads are to be exposed for inspection at commencement of work on site. All pre-stressed concrete lintels to be designed and manufactured in accordance with BS 8110, with a concrete strength of 50 or 40 N/mm² and incorporating steel strands to BS 5896 to support loadings assessed to BS 5977 Part 1.

For other structural openings provide proprietary insulated steel lintels suitable for spans and loadings in compliance with Approved Document A and lintel manufacture standard tables. Stop ends, DPC trays and weep holes to be provided above all externally located lintels.

OPENINGS AND RETURNS

An opening or recess greater than 0.1m² shall be at least 550mm from the supported wall (measured internally).

10. VENTILATION

BACKGROUND AND PURGE VENTILATION

Background ventilation - Controllable background ventilation via trickle vents to BS EN 13141-3 within the window frame to be provided to new habitable rooms at a rate of min 5000mm²; and to kitchens, bathrooms, WCs and utility rooms at a rate of 2500mm²

Purge ventilation - New Windows/rooftlights to have openable area in excess of 1/20th of their floor area, if the window opens more than 30° or 1/10th of their floor area if the window opens less than 30°

Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation.

Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic ventilation compliance guide.

EXTRACT FOR SHOWER ROOM

Provide mechanical extract ventilation to shower room ducted to external air capable of extracting at a rate of not less than 15 litres per second. Vent to be connected to light switch and to have 15 minute over run if no window in the room. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic ventilation compliance guide. Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

11. FIRE PREVENTION AND MEANS OF ESCAPE

SMOKE DETECTION

Mains operated linked smoke alarm detection system to BS 5446 - 1:2000 and BS5839-6:2004 to at least a Grade D category LD3 standard and to be mains powered with battery back up. Smoke alarms should be sited so that there is a smoke alarm in the circulation space on all levels/ storeys and within 7.5m of the door to every habitable room. If ceiling mounted they should be 300mm from the walls and light fittings. Where the kitchen area is not separated from the stairway or circulation space by a door, there should be an interlinked heat detector in the kitchen.

MEANS OF ESCAPE - 2 exits at ground floor

The first and second storeys should be served by a protected stairway, the structure forming this enclosure must have 30 minute fire resistance including floors and ceilings above and below rooms. The doors must be FD20 rated fire doors to BS 476-22:1987 (fitted with intumescent strips rebated around sides & top of door or frame if required by BCO). The enclosure should lead to at least two alternative escape routes at ground level, which should be separated from each other by fire-resisting construction and fire doors. Where applicable, any glazing in walls or doors enclosing the protected stairs is to have 30 minutes fire resistance. (no inner rooms allowed)

MEANS OF ESCAPE – Exit at first floor level.

An MOE window having an opening area of at least 0.33M² and with minimum width or height of at least 450mm. The bottom of such opening should be located at a height of minimum 800mm and maximum 1100mm above the floor level.

DOOR BETWEEN HOUSE AND GARAGE

Door between garage and house to be FD30 self closing with a 100mm step down into garage, fitted with 3 steel hinges, intumescent strips and smoke seals. Construction between house and garage to be 30 minutes fire resisting.

BEAMS

Supply and install new structural elements such as new beams, roof structure, floor structure, bearings, and padstones in accordance with the Structural Engineer's calculations and details. New steel beams to be encased in 12.5mm Gyproc fireline board with staggered joints nailed to timber cradles or painted in Nullifire S or similar intumescent paint to provide 1/2 hour fire resistance.